

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously presented) A method of producing an adsorption medium, comprising:

dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution; dissolving polyacrylonitrile (PAN) into the metal solution to form a PAN-metal solution; and

depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprising PAN and at least one metal hydroxide.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution comprises dissolving at least one metal salt, at least one metal oxide, or mixtures thereof in the solvent.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution comprises dissolving at least one salt or at least one oxide of a divalent, a trivalent, or a tetravalent metal in the solvent.
- 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution comprises dissolving at least one salt or at least one oxide of at least one of a transition metal, a lanthanide or rare earth metal, a Group III metal, a Group IV metal, and a Group V metal in the solvent.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution comprises dissolving the at least one metal compound having a metal cation selected from the group consisting of iron, zirconium, lanthanum, cerium, titanium, aluminum, tin, silver, zinc, mercury, bismuth, copper, antimony, tungsten, and molybdenum in the solvent.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent to form a metal solution comprises dissolving at least one metal salt selected from the group consisting of a metal chloride, a metal oxychloride, a metal sulfate, a metal nitrate, and a metal acetate in the solvent.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent comprises dissolving the at least one metal compound in concentrated nitric acid.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving at least one metal compound in a solvent comprises dissolving an amount of the at least one metal compound sufficient to produce the metal solution saturated with the at least one metal compound.
- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein dissolving PAN into the metal solution comprises dissolving from approximately 3% by weight to approximately 5% by weight of PAN into the metal solution.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprises spraying the PAN-metal solution into the quenching bath that includes an alkaline agent to form the adsorption medium.
- 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprises spraying the PAN-metal solution into the quenching bath that comprises from approximately 0.1M sodium hydroxide to approximately 8M sodium hydroxide to form the adsorption medium.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprises simultaneously precipitating at least one metal hydroxide from the PAN-metal solution and insolubilizing the PAN in the PAN-metal solution.

- 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprises producing a solid bead comprising at least one metal hydroxide incorporated into the PAN.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising impregnating a support with the adsorption medium.
- 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising impregnating a support with at least one metal hydroxide incorporated into the PAN.
- 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein depositing the PAN-metal solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprising PAN and at least one metal hydroxide comprises producing an adsorption medium having from approximately 10% by weight to approximately 85% by weight of a metal in the form of an elemental metal or the at least one metal hydroxide and from approximately 15% by weight to approximately 90% by weight of the PAN.

Claims 17-21 (Canceled)

22. (Previously presented) An adsorption medium having an increased metal loading, comprising:

a polyacrylonitrile (PAN) matrix and at least one metal hydroxide, the PAN matrix comprising from approximately 15% by weight to approximately 90% by weight of the adsorption medium and the at least one metal hydroxide comprising from approximately 10% by weight to approximately 85% by weight of the adsorption medium.

- 23. (Previously presented) The adsorption medium of claim 22, wherein the adsorption medium comprises at least approximately 50 wt% of the metal in the form of an elemental metal or the metal hydroxide.
 - 24. (Original) The adsorption medium of claim 22, wherein the at least one metal

hydroxide is substantially homogenously dispersed in the polyacrylonitrile matrix.

25. (Previously presented) A method of producing an adsorption medium, comprising:

dissolving polyacrylonitrile (PAN) in an organic solvent to form a PAN solution; adding at least one metal oxide to the PAN solution to form a metal oxide-PAN solution; and

depositing the metal oxide-PAN solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprising PAN and at least one metal hydroxide.

- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein adding at least one metal oxide to the PAN solution to form a metal oxide-PAN solution comprises adding at least one powdered metal oxide to the PAN solution.
- 27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein depositing the metal oxide-PAN solution into a quenching bath to form an adsorption medium comprises depositing the metal oxide-PAN solution into a water bath to form the adsorption medium.